# Social Studies 7-12 (232)

Qualifying Exam Study Guide

## **WORLD HISTORY**

- Confucianism (age, rank, and gender hierarchies)
- Ancient Mesopotamia (Akkad, Kasala, & Sargon)
- Feudalism (Europe in the Middle Ages)
- Buddhism (spread into China)
- South Asia economy (600-1450 AD; Muslim influences)
- Silk Road & Trans-Sahara trade (similarities)
- European colonization (destruction of Aztec and Inca empires)
- Thirty Year's War
- Columbian Exchange
- Portugal and West Africa (slave trade)
- Fascist Italy (1922-1943)
- Treaty of Versailles & relation to WWII
- Japanese Industrialization (post-Tokugawa Shogunate)
- Industrial Revolution (labor patterns)
- Yugoslavia/Rwanda/Darfur (ethnic conflicts)
- Collapse of the Soviet Union (1989)

## **U.S. HISTORY**

- Mayflower Compact
- Jamestown (royal charter; seeking wealth)
- Georgia Colony
- House of Burgesses
- Federalist Party (loose interpretation of Constitution)
- Mercantilism (restrictions on trade)
- Articles of Confederation (no power to regulate trade)
- American Revolution (French Alliance)
- Andrew Jackson (war on national bank)
- Quartering Act (after French and Indian War)
- Manifest Destiny (westward expansion; Mexican-American War)
- Reconstruction (black codes)
- Northwest Ordinance 1787 (admitting new territories)
- Kansas Nebraska Act (settlers vote for or against slavery's expansion)
- Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo (new territory rich with minerals)

- Battle of Vicksburg (control of the Mississippi)
- Albert Beveridge (American imperialism)
- U.S. embargo on oil to Japan (role in WWII)
- Henry Kissinger (quote on Vietnam in 1969)
- W.E.B. Dubois vs. Booker T. Washington (trade schools)
- New Deal legacies (increase government involvement in the economy)
- Teddy Roosevelt and U.S. Forest Service (conservation)
- Progressive Movement (core beliefs)
- Upton Sinclair's The Jungle (public health)

#### **TEXAS HISTORY**

- Caddo Indians (agricultural sustenance)
- Moses Austin (permission from Spain to settle)
- Battle of San Jacinto (element of surprise)
- Cattle drives after the Civil War (growth of cities and railroads)
- Resistance to Texas annexation (slavery's expansion)
- Texas Constitution of 1876 (reaction to Radical Reconstruction)
- Higher population in East Texas (access to water)
- Texas Freedman's Bureau (schools for African Americans)
- Quanah Parker
- Texas (once part of Spain, Mexico, and an independent republic)
- Texas/Great Depression/AAA
- Texas during WWII (rationing & more jobs)
- Texas economy in the 1980s (more diversified?)
- Texas Chicano Movement
- Barbara Jordan (Watergate)
- 1900 Galveston hurricane

# GEOGRAPHY, CULTURE, AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

- North Atlantic Drift (comparing climate in Canada and France)
- Temperature variations within temperate zones (distance between earth and sun)
- Continent with high elevations & steep escarpments (Africa)
- Salt domes (oil and methane)
- Highest mountain in Texas (El Paso region)
- What caused increased urban populations in Central America after 1970? (natural disasters?)
- Spanish hacienda system (large acreage)
- Casablanca (northern and western hemispheres)
- Mount Fugi, Mount Sinai, & Ganges River (sacred places)
- Maize first cultivated in central Mexico
- British colonies (sugar, coffee, and rubber)
- New York City (importance of the Hudson River & Erie Canal)
- Humanistically oriented psychology (unconditional positive regard)
- Predominant view of children prior to 18<sup>th</sup> century (children were small adults)
- definition of culture
- Intrinsic motivation

## **GOVERNMENT**

- 26<sup>th</sup> Amendment (lowered voting age)
- Marbury vs. Madison (judicial review)
- Ratification of constitutional amendments
- Bakke vs. California (admission quotas)
- Bicameral legislature (equal representation, popular vote, and appointment in Senate)
- Appointment of Supreme Court justices
- Gideon vs. Wainwright (due process)
- Populist Party (income taxes)
- 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment
- Elizabeth Cady Stanton (women's suffrage)
- Civic responsibility
- Process for bills becoming law
- Difference between Roman and U.S. senate (lifelong terms)
- Declaration of Independence (opposition to Divine Right of Kings)
- John Locke (influence on late 18<sup>th</sup> century revolutions)

## **ECONOMICS**

- How do exporting firms benefit from their nation's depreciating currency?
- Communist Manifesto (Marx, Engels, & bourgeoisie)
- Opportunity cost
- Supply and Demand
- 30 year vs. 15-20 year mortgages
- Structural, cyclical, virtual, vs. frictional unemployment
- Limited liability
- Market economy (production and profit)
- Robert Fulton (steamboat inventor)
- Technology and textile production
- Contact between Europe & Asia (mathematical concepts?)
- Cotton gin (increased reliance on slavery)
- NSA & 4<sup>th</sup> Amendment
- Penicillin (bacterial infections)

## SOCIAL STUDIES FOUNDATIONS

- Inquiry based learning
- Critical thinking
- Geography and Indus River Valley
- G.I.S. skills
- Luxembourg (GDP per capita)
- Secondary sources (offer interpretations)
- Primary sources
- Bloom's taxonomy
- Research guestions
- Cultural syncretism
- Graphic organizers
- Similarities between Stalin and Mao Zedong